

In short, Swift, Defoe and Wilmot have demonstrated how the human being has the ability to impose himself thanks to the power that gives him a weapon or a social power and how the animal kingdom attacks another being just for its instincts of survival. Although these three works differ in the degree of attack on human reasoning, they are similar in satirizing the human flaws and introducing animal examples. That is why the phrase of Plauto homo homini lupus reflects the philosophy of these three works, relating the human similarity with beasts, although it is true that we differ from them the ability to ration, man tends to give it up too assiduously and the animal shines through its commitment to the members of its specie.

---

### Bibliografía

- Defoe, D. (n.d.). *Robinson Crusoe*. [online] Planetpublish.com. Available at: [http://www.planetpublish.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/11/Robinson\\_Crusoe\\_BT.pdf](http://www.planetpublish.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/11/Robinson_Crusoe_BT.pdf) [Accessed 5 Dec. 2017].
- Swift, J. (n.d.). *Gulliver's Travels*. [online] Planetebook.com. Available at: <https://www.planetebook.com/ebooks/Gullivers-Travels.pdf> [Accessed 5 Dec. 2017].
- Wilmot, J. (n.d.). *A Satyr against Reason and Mankind*. [online] <https://andromeda.rutgers.edu>. Available at: <https://andromeda.rutgers.edu/~jlynch/Texts/mankind.html> [Accessed 5 Dec. 2017].